

Ignacy Strasser (?-?)



Other personal data such as: Date and place of birth, origin, family, profession, places of residence before Drohobycz are unknown

1942, November:

Address: Schmiedestr. 16, Drohobycz

Identity: AKJ 2787 (work card for Jews)

Employed by: Municipal Workshops Drohobycz (Association of Jewish Craftsmen).

Listed as number 7 in the list of proposals of the Municipal Workshops for a contract for the production of artillery projectile baskets

No further traces of life - Ignacy Strasser was probably murdered in the Holocaust

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In the nearby town of Boryslaw lived Jewish families with the name Strasser (Sztrasser, Shtrasser) - among them 25 Holocaust victims documented in the Yad Vashem database with testimonies, but there is no one with the first name Ignacy (Ignaz, Ignatz, etc.). The other descriptions do not match either.

It is possible that Ignacy Strasser came to Drohobycz by fleeing, expulsion or deportation from a completely different region in the German sphere of control. The name Strasser, for example, is often found among Jews from Hungary. Research has been without success. Since his name does not appear in the lists of survivors and displaced persons either, he most likely died in the Drohobycz area. On 14.4.1944 the forced labour camps in Drohobycz and Boryslaw were closed and the Jewish prisoners were sent to the Plaszów concentration camp near Krakow: Ignacy Strasser is not on this last reported list - he was probably already dead at that time.

In the period from November 1942 to April 1944, there were ongoing murderous actions against Jews. At the end of July 1943, during morning roll call, the entire "Work Commando Municipal Workshops" (Arbeitskommando Städtische Werkstätten) in Drohobycz was surrounded by police and driven into the Bronica Forest. The Jewish forced labourers had to undress and were then shot - it is quite likely that Ignacy Strasser was among the victims.

Sources: Pohl, Ostgalizien; Mayer, Entombed; DALO-Archiv R1942-1-2